COATALOGIC



Colour sensor

S65-PA-5-V09

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

CONTROLS

OUPUT LED

The yellow LED ON indicates the OR function of the three OUT1, OUT2 and OUT3 outputs. DISPLAY (green 4-digit display)

The display indicates the "run" or "rund" (run with delay) operating mode. Please refer to the "SETTING" paragraph for the correct setup procedure indications

OUT1, OUT2, OUT 3 LEDs The green LED ON indicates that the corresponding output is active.

SET PUSHBUTTON

The pressure on the pushbutton activates the self-setting procedure. A long pressure on the pushbutton allows the access to the delay setting menu

SEL PUSHBUTTON The pressure allows to scroll through the sensor setting parameter menu

Please refer to the "SETTING" paragraph for the correct setup procedure indications.

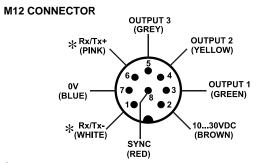
INSTALLATION

The sensor can be mounted by means of the three housing's holes using two screws (M4x25 or longer, 1 Nm maximum tightening torque) with washers. The use of fixing brackets is recommended if the supporting surface doesn't have a good planarity. Various orientable fixing brackets to ease the sensor positioning are available (please refer to the accessories listed in the catalogue).

The operating distance is measured from the front surface of the sensor optics.

The M12 connector can be oriented at two different positions using the specific fastening spring and rotating the block of 180°.

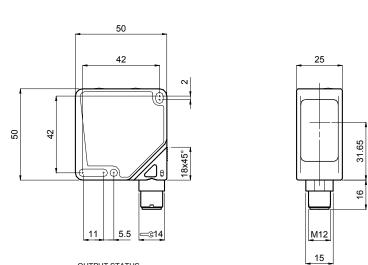
CONNECTIONS



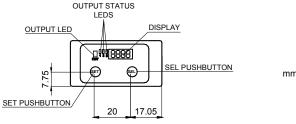
* Available only for version with RS485 serial connection (S65-PA-5-V09-xxxZ).

TECHNICAL DATA

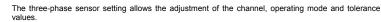
Power supply:	10 30 Vdc limit values Class 2 (UL508)
Ripple:	2 Vpp max.
Consumption	2 100 1000
(output current excluded):	60 mA max. @ 24Vdc
Outputs:	3 PNP or NPN outputs
	30 Vdc max. (short-circuit protection)
Tolerance level:	10 (toL0 - toL9) independent per each channel
Operating mode:	C, C+I independent per each channel
Output current:	100 mA max.
Output saturation voltage:	≤ 2 V
Response time:	335us
Switching frequency:	1.5 KHz
Indicators:	4-digit display (GREEN), OUTPUT LED (YELLOW) 3 OUTPUT STATUS LEDs (GREEN)
Setting:	SET pushbutton, SEL pushbutton
Data retention:	EEPROM non volatile memory
Operating temperature:	-10 55 °C
Storage temperature:	-20 70 °C
Electrical protection:	Class 2
Operating distance (typical values):	20 mm
Minimum spot dimension:	Ø 4 mm
Emission type:	white light LED (400-700nm)
Ambient light rejection:	according to EN 60947-5-2
Vibrations:	0.5 mm amplitude, 10 55 Hz frequency, for every axis (EN60068-2-6)
Shock resistance:	11 ms (30 G) 6 shock for every axis (EN60068-2-27)
Housing material:	ABS
Lens material:	window and lenses in glass
Mechanical protection:	IP67
Connections:	M12 8-pole connector
Weight:	100 g. max.



DIMENSIONS



SETTING



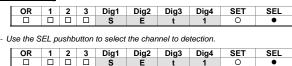
O pushbutton not pressed pushbutton pressed

Detection Place object to detect inside the operating distance, in front of the sensor

	OUT			OUT Display					
OR	1	2	3	Dig1	Dig2	Dig3	Dig4	SET	SEL
				r	u	n	d	•	0

- The "Set1" message is visualised

Channel setting



2	E	τ	1	0	
4	•				
S	E	t	2	0	•
S	E	t	3	0	

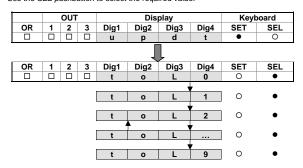
Operating mode

 Press the SET pushbutton again to configure the operating mode - Select C (colour) or C+I (colour + intensity) using the SEL pushbutton *.

	OUT			Display				Keyk	oard
OR	1	2	3	Dig1	Dig2	Dig3	Dig4	SET	SEL
				С				•	0
				4			1		
				С	_	I		0	•

TEACH and tolerance setting

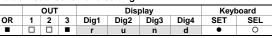
 Press the SET pushbutton again, the "updt" text blinks for 2s. nsor then automatically passes into the tolerance selection Use the SEL pushbutton to select the required value.



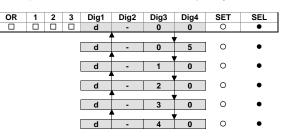
 The "FAIL" text alternated with "Hi" or "Lo" is visualised if the detection is not correct. Repeat the procedure starting from the operating mode

PARAMETER SETTING

Delay value visualisation and setting



Press the SET pushbutton for at least 6s to access to the delay setting mode.

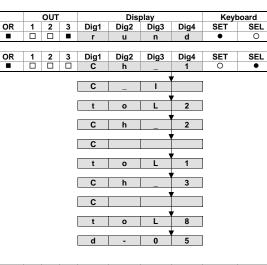


At each pressure of the SEL pushbutton, the different delay levels in ms are visualised in a cvclical manner at the output deactivation and moreover, the relative delay value will be stored. When the "d-00" message is visualised the operating mode will be "run", and "rund" in all other cases.

The delay value setting is in common for all three outputs. When a delay value, different from zero, is set the outputs will be maintained active for a minimum time, which is equal to the number of milliseconds visualised on the display.	d-00 = 0 ms d-05 = 5 ms d-10 = 10 ms d-20 = 20 ms d 30 = 30 ms
	d-30 = 30 ms d-40 = 40 ms

Channel status visualisation

This function allows a rapid control of the three sensor channel adjustment Pressing the SEL pushbutton for at least 2 s the channel, operating mode and tolerance are visualised in a sequential manner

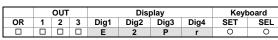


OR	1	2	3	Dig1	Dig2	Dig3	Dig4	SET	SEL
				r	u	n	d	•	0

At the end of the sequence the display will indicate the "run" or "rund" operating mode again.

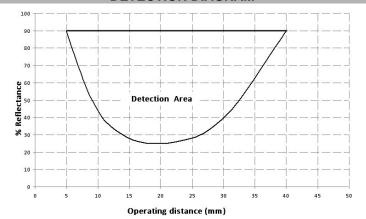
Non-initialised E2PROM

If the display indicates "E2Pr" the sensor does not have any of the three channels initialised.



In this case it is sufficient to program one single channel to obtain the "run" or "rund" visualisation on the display

* The 'C' type algorithm is used to obtain a larger depth of field, or to detect colours on different opaque, shiny or reflecting surfaces. Whereas the 'C+I' type algorithm offers a higher sensitivity towards tone variations and is recommended for the detection of different colours on the same type of material, with the possibility of distinguishing also the grey tones **DETECTION DIAGRAM**











REMOTE FUNCTIONS

KEYLOCK function (SET pushbutton block)

If at sensor powering the SYNC wire is connected to +Vdc for at least 1s, the <u>keylock</u> function is activated and the pushbuttons are no longer active. After the first second, the SYNC input is available for the normal operating modes; if SYNC is high the

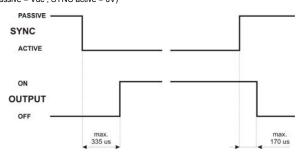
outputs are deactivated. To deactivate the keylock, the sensor has to be turned off and re-powered with the SYNC wire not connected or ground connected (GND)

SYNC input

The SYNC signal can exactly determine the beginning and end of the colour identification

The identification cycle begins after the SYNC signal changes from passive to active and the sensor outputs have to updated after max. 335us. All the outputs are deactivated after max. 170µs from an active passage to a passive one

The connection of the SYNC wire to Vdc corresponds to the passive logic status while SYNC not connected or connected to 0V corresponds to the active logic status. (SYNC passive = Vdc ; SYNC active = 0V)



A typical application is a multicoloured target where the colour to detect is in a determinate position, while the other zones have to be faded out.

Moreover, incorrect detections can be avoided during transition from the target to the background

RS485 serial connection only for version S65-PA-5-V09-xxxZ

The complete sensor remote control is possible using the RS485 line. All the functions such as the channel selection, the tolerance selection and the operating mode can be accessed by means of this serial line

The serial communication parameters are: 9600 baud, no equity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit.

All the commands have to be sent via terminal in an ASCII format as follows:

Receiving of the channel status:

At any moment, the receipt of the 'r <CR> <LF>' command indicates the sensor configuration. Remote setting mode:

To access to the remote setting mode, the SYNC input has be remain passive for at least 300ms

The commands available are given below: @ -CR- <I F> beginning of the remote setting (together with passive SYNC)

@ <cr> <lf></lf></cr>	beginning of the remote setting (together with passive s
cx <cr> <lf></lf></cr>	channel selection, with $x \in \{1,2,3\}$
tx <cr> <lf></lf></cr>	tolerance selection, with $x \in \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$
mx <cr> <lf></lf></cr>	operating mode selection, with $x \in \{1,2\}$
	m1 = C
	m2 = C+I
e <cr> <lf></lf></cr>	configuration sequence activation.

e <CR> <LF>

a <CR> <LF> exit from the remote setting mode without saving configuration.

If the SYNC input is activated before the 'e' (execute) command is given, the sensor exits the remote setting mode without saving the configuration, similarly to the receipt of the 'q' (quit) command.

If the SYNC input is active, at the receipt of the @ <CR> <LF> command, the sensor responds with: ?? <CR> <LF>. At the receipt of the q <CR> <LF> or e <CR> <LF> commands, the sensor transmits ok <CR> <LF>

The Io <CR> <LF> message is transmitted if the signal is too low and hi <CR> <LF> if the signal is too high

dx

- <u>Delay configuration</u>: To access to the delay configuration, the SYNC input has be remain passive for at least 300 ms The commands available are given below: ith passive SYNC)

<cr> <lf></lf></cr>	beginning of the delay	y configuration (together wi					
<cr> <lf></lf></cr>	delay selection, with $x \in \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$						
	d0 = 0 ms	d3 = 20 ms					
	d1 = 5 ms	d4 = 30 ms					
	d2 = 10 ms	d5 = 40 ms					
CR> <lf></lf>	memorisation of the r	iew delay value					

q <CR> <LF> exit from the delay configuration without saving the configuration.

If the SYNC input is activated before the 'e' (execute) command is given, the sensor exits the remote setting mode without saving the configuration, similarly to the receipt of the 'q' (quit) command.

If the SYNC input is active, at the receipt of the @ <CR> <LF> command, the sensor responds with: ?? <CR> <LF>. At the receipt of the q <CR> <LF> or e <CR> <LF> commands, the sensor transmits ok <CR> <LF>

NOTE: during the command transmission, the single strings have to follow each other with a delay of at least 1ms

The sensors are NOT safety devices, and so MUST NOT be used in the safety control of the machines where installed

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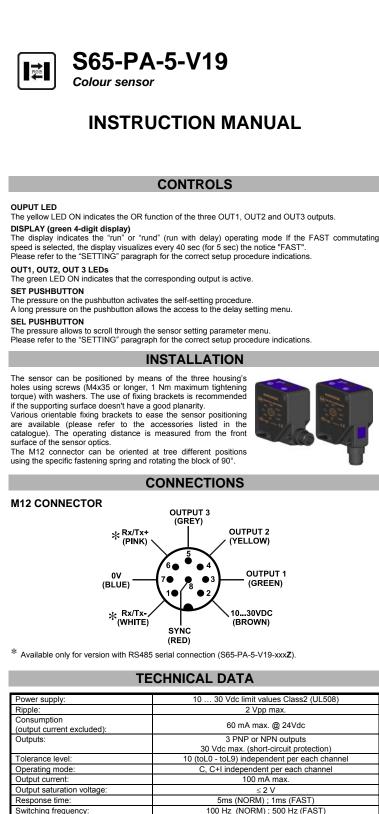
Helpful links at www.datalogic.com: Contact Us, Terms and Conditions, Support.

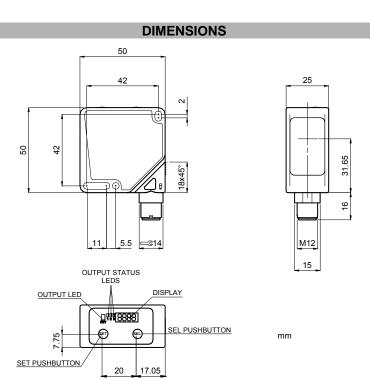
The warranty period for this product is 36 months. See General Terms and Conditions of Sales for further details.

Under current Italian and European laws, Datalogic is not obliged to take care of product disposal at the end of its life. Datalogic recommends disposing of the product in compliance with local laws or contacting authorised waste collection centres

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COATALOGIC





SETTING

The three-phase sensor setting allows the adjustment of the channel, operating mode and tolerance values

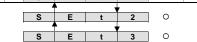
pushbutton pressed pushbutton not pressed

Detection Place object to detect inside the operating distance, in front of the sensor spot

					Dis	Keyb	board		
OUT	1	2	3	Dig1	Dig2	Dig3	Dig4	SET	SEL
				r	u	n	d	•	0

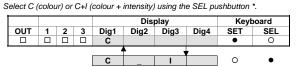
- The "Set1" message is visualised.

Channel setting



Operating mode

Press the SET pushbutton again to configure the operating mode



* The 'C' type algorithm is used to obtain a larger depth of field, or to detect colours on different opaque, shiny or reflecting surfaces. Whereas the 'C+I' type algorithm offers a higher sensitivity towards tone variations and is recommended for the detection of different colours on the same type of surface, with the possibility of distinguishing also the grey tones.

TEACH and tolerance setting

Press the SET pushbutton again, the "updt" text blinks for 2s. The sensor then automatically passes into the tolerance selection Use the SEL pushbutton to select the required value.

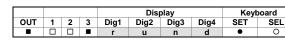
				Display				Keyboard	
OUT	1	2	3	Dig1	Dig2	Dig3	Dig4	SET	SEL
				u	р	d	t	•	0
					Į	ļ			
OUT	1	2	3	Dig1	Dig2	Dig3	Dig4	SET	SEL
				ť	0	Ĺ	Ō	0	•
				t	0	L	1	0	•
						,	7		
				t	0	L	2	0	•
						,			
				t	0	L		0	•
						,			
				t	0		9	0	•

- The "FAIL" text alternated with "Hi" or "Lo" is visualised if the detection is not correct. Repeat the procedure starting from the operating mode.

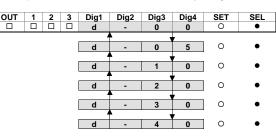
The tolerance level increases from "toL0" to "toL9". To detect small chromatic differences select lower tolerance levels

PARAMETER SETTING

Delay value visualisation and setting



Press the SET pushbutton for at least 6s to access to the delay setting mode.



At each pressure of the SEL pushbutton, the different delay levels in ms are visualised in a cyclical manner at the output deactivation and moreover, the relative delay value will be stored. When the "d-00" message is visualised the operating mode will be "run", and "rund" in all other cases.

The delay value setting is in common for all three outputs. When a delay value, different from zero, is set the outputs will be maintained active for a minimum time, which is equal to the

e number of millisecon	ds visualis	ed on the display.	
d-00 =	0 ms	d-20 = 20 ms	
d-05 =	5 ms	d-30 = 30 ms	
d-10 =	10 ms	d-40 = 40 ms	

Visualization and set up of the FAST commutating speed

				Display				Keyboard	
OUT	1	2	3	Dig1	Dig2	Dig3	Dig4	SET	SEL
				r	u	n	d	•	0

By pressing of SET and SEL buttons at the same time for 2 seconds at least, you enter in the set up mode of the commutating speed.

OUT	1	2	3	Dig1	Dig2	Dig3	Dig4	SET	SEL
				n	0	r	n	0	•
							7		
				F	Α	S	t		

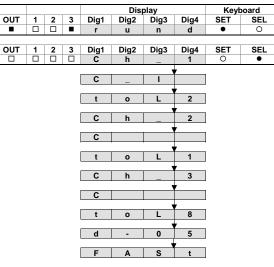
At each pressure of the SEL push-button, the different commutating speed are displayed in cyclical

mode and the correspondant speed value is saved. When message "norn" is displayed, the commutating speed is NORMAL, when message "FAST" is displayed the commutating speed is FAST.

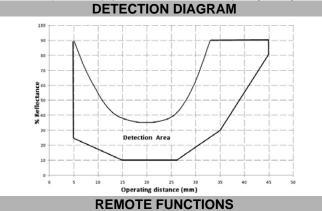
The set up of the commutating speed value is common at all three outputs

Channel status visualisation

This function allows a rapid control of the three sensor channel adjustment Pressing the SEL pushbutton for at least 2 s the channel, operating mode and tolerance are visualised



OUT 1 2 3 Dig1 Dig2 Dig3 Dig4 SET SEL □ □ □ □ r □ n d ● ○ At the end of the sequence the display will indicate the "run" or "rund" operating mode again



KEYLOCK function (SET pushbutton block) If at sensor powering the SYNC wire is connected to +Vdc for at least 1s, the keylock function is

activated and the pushbuttons are no longer active. After the first second, the SYNC input is available for the normal operating modes; if SYNC is high the outputs are deactivated

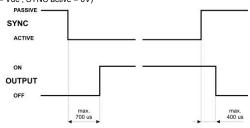
Power supply:	10 30 Vdc limit values Class2 (UL508)				
Ripple:	2 Vpp max.				
Consumption					
(output current excluded):	60 mA max. @ 24Vdc				
Outputs:	3 PNP or NPN outputs				
	30 Vdc max. (short-circuit protection)				
Tolerance level:	10 (toL0 - toL9) independent per each channel				
Operating mode:	C, C+I independent per each channel				
Output current:	100 mA max.				
Output saturation voltage:	≤2 V				
Response time:	5ms (NORM) ; 1ms (FAST)				
Switching frequency:	100 Hz (NORM); 500 Hz (FAST)				
Indicators:	4-digit display (GREEN), OUTPUT LED (YELLOW)				
	3 OUTPUT STATUS LEDs (GREEN)				
Setting:	SET pushbutton, SEL pushbutton				
Data retention:	EEPROM non volatile memory				
Operating temperature:	-10 55 °C				
Storage temperature:	-20 70 °C				
Electrical protection:	Class 2				
Operating distance (typical values):	20 mm				
Minimum spot dimension:	Ø 4 mm				
Emission type:	white light LED (400-700nm)				
Ambient light rejection:	according to EN 60947-5-2				
Vibrations:	0.5 mm amplitude, 10 55 Hz frequency, for every axis (EN60068-2-6)				
Shock resistance:	11 ms (30 G) 6 shock for every axis (EN60068-2-27)				
Housing material:	ABS				
Lens material:	window and lenses in glass				
Mechanical protection:	IP67				
Connections:	M12 8-pole connector				
Weight:	100 g. max.				

To deactivate the kevlock, the sensor has to be turned off and re-powered with the SYNC wire not connected or ground connected (GND). SYNC input

The SYNC signal can exactly determine the beginning and end of the colour identification. The identification cycle begins after the SYNC signal changes from passive to active and the sensor outputs have to updated after max, 700us

All the outputs are deactivated after max. 400µs from an active passage to a passive one

The connection of the SYNC wire to Vdc corresponds to the passive logic status while SYNC not connected or connected to 0V corresponds to the active logic status. (SYNC passive = Vdc ; SYNC active = 0V)



A typical application of the SYNC function is the necessity to detect a particular position in a multicoloured target while the other area must not be detected. This function can also be used to avoid erroneous detection during target-background transitions.

RS485 serial connection only for version S65-PA-5-V19-xxxZ

The complete sensor remote control is possible using the RS485 line All the functions such as the channel selection, the tolerance selection and the operating mode can be accessed by means of this serial line.

The serial communication parameters are: 9600 baud, no equity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit

All the commands have to be sent via terminal in an ASCII format as follows

<u>Receiving of the channel status:</u> At any moment, the receipt of the 'r <CR> <LF>' command indicates the sensor configuration.

 <u>R B G component detection</u>: At the receipt of the 'V <CR> <LF>' comand (at any moment), the 3 components are transmitted in the Rxxxx<CR><LF>Bxxxx<CR><LF>Gxxxx<CR><LF> format where the Rxxxx Bxxxx and Gxxxx are ASCII strings and one digit identifies the colour (R, B or G) and 4 digits represent the value.

Remote setting mode: To access to the remote setting mode, the SYNC input has be remain passive for at least 300ms.

- The commands available are given below: beginning of the remote setting, passive SYNC @ <CR> <LF>
- cx <CR> <LF> channel selection, with $x \in \{1,2,3\}$ tolerance selection, with $x \in \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9\}$ tx <CR> <LF> mx <CR> <LF> operating mode selection, with $x \in \{1\text{=}C, 2\text{=}C\text{+}1\}$ e <CR> <LF> configuration sequence activation and configuration saving. q <CR> <LF>

exit from the remote setting mode without saving configuration

If the SYNC input is activated before the 'e' (execute) command is given, the sensor exits the remote setting mode without saving the configuration, similarly to the receipt of the 'q' (quit) command. If the SYNC input is active, at the receipt of the @ <CR> <LF> command, the sensor responds with: ??

<CR> <LF>. At the receipt of the q <CR> <LF> commands the sensor transmits ok <CR> <LF>. At the receipt of the e <CR> <LF> commands the sensor transmits ok <CR> <LF> in case of correct acquisition, Io <CR> <LF> if the signal is too low, hi <CR> <LF> if the signal is too high.

Delay configuration:

To access to the delay configuration, the SYNC input has be remain passive for at least 300 ms.

The commands available are given below:

beginning of the delay configuration, passive SYNC delay selection, with $x \in \{0,1,2,3,4,5\}$, 0=0ms, 1=5ms @ <CR> <I F>

dx <CR> <LF>

e <CR> <L F>

memorisation of the new delay value exit from the delay configuration without saving the configuration. q <CR> <LF>

If the SYNC input is activated before the 'e' (execute) command is given, the sensor exits the remote setting mode without saving the configuration, similarly to the receipt of the 'q' (quit) command. If the SYNC input is active, at the receipt of the @ <CR> <LF> command, the sensor responds with: ?? <CR> <LF>. At the receipt of the q <CR> <LF> or e <CR> <LF> commands, the sensor transmits ok <CR> <LF>.

<u>Configuration of the commutating speed</u>: To enter the configuration of the commutating speed the SYNC input has be remain passive for at least 300 ms. The available commands are:

start of the speed configuration (together with passive SYNC) speed selection, with $x \in \{0=FAST, 1=NORMAL\}$ @ <CR> <LF>

sx <CR> <LF> e <CR> <LF> saving of the new speed value

a <CR> <LF>

exit from the delay configuration without saving configuration.

If the SYNC input becomes active before the 'e' (execute) command is given, the sensor exits from the configuration without saving, likewise what happens when the 'q' (quit) command is given. If the SYNC input is active, at the receipt of the @ <CR > <LF > command, the sensor responds with: ??

<CR> <LF>. At the receipt of the q <CR> <LF> or e <CR> <LF> commands, the sensor transmits ok <CR> <LF>

NOTE: during the command transmission, the single strings have to follow each other with a delay of at least 1ms.

The sensors are NOT safety devices, and so MUST NOT be used in the safety control of the machines where installed.

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