

Netbiter® IO Extender 4RO | 6RTD | 8DIO | DAIO | 8AIV | 8AIIS

USER MANUAL

HMSI-27-228 3.0 ENGLISH





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1 Preface

1.1 About This Document

This manual describes how to install and configure Netbiter I/O Extender modules.

For additional related documentation and file downloads, please visit the Netbiter support website at www.netbiter.com/support.

1.2 Document history

Revision list

Version	Date	Description			
2.00	Sep 2015	Multiple corrections and updates New layout			
3.0	2016-10-11	Brand update			

Summary of changes in this version

Change	Where (section no.)		
New cover and layout	_		
Updated regulatory compliance info	A		

Preface 4 (40)

1.3 Conventions

Unordered (bulleted) lists are used for:

- Itemized information
- · Instructions that can be carried out in any order

Ordered (numbered or alphabetized) lists are used for instructions that must be carried out in sequence:

- 1. First do this,
- 2. Then open this dialog, and
 - a. set this option...
 - b. ...and then this one.

Bold typeface indicates interactive parts such as connectors and switches on the hardware, or menus and buttons in a graphical user interface.

Monospaced text is used to indicate program code and other kinds of data input/output such as configuration scripts.

This is a cross-reference within this document: Conventions, p. 4

This is an external link (URL): www.hms-networks.com



This is additional information which may facilitate installation and/or operation.



This instruction must be followed to avoid a risk of reduced functionality and/or damage to the equipment, or to avoid a network security risk.



Caution

This instruction must be followed to avoid a risk of personal injury.



WARNING

This instruction must be followed to avoid a risk of death or serious injury.

Overview 5 (40)

2 Overview

2.1 Introduction

The Netbiter I/O Extender series provides a solution for distributed I/O requirements. The I/O system consists of stand-alone digital and analog input/output modules connected together on a RS-485 two-wire multi-drop network.

The modules communicate using the Modbus RTU protocol. The 32-bit ARM CPU in the module provides high speed data processing and fast communication turnaround times. Multiple baud rates are selectable, from 2400 to 115200 baud.

All I/O modules fit directly onto an industry standard DIN rail. All modules have a minimum isolation of 1000 VAC rms between the field and logic.

The modules are equipped with status LEDs to indicate the status of the inputs and outputs. This visual indication assists with fault finding and diagnostics.

2.2 Data acquisition

The primary use of the Netbiter I/O Extender modules is for data acquisition in combination with a Netbiter EC or WS gateway. The Netbiter gateway acts as a Modbus master which retrieves and sends data from the Netbiter I/O Extender modules.

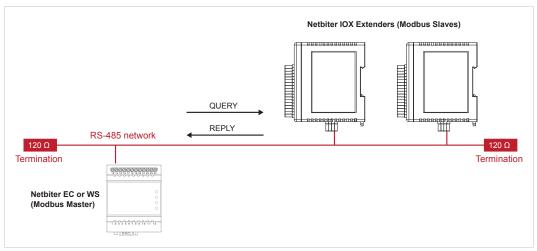


Fig. 1 Overview

2.3 Selection Guide

Module	Туре
IOX-4RO	4 relay outputs
IOX-8DIO	8 digital inputs / 8 digital outputs
IOX-6RTD	6 RTD inputs – PT100, Ni120, PT1000, Ni1000, Ni1000LG & Ohms
IOX-DAIO	2 RTD inputs, 2 analog inputs 0(4)-20mA or 0(2)-10V 1 analog output 0(4)-20mA or 0(2)-10V 4 digital inputs, 2 digital outputs
IOX-8AIV	8 analog inputs, 0(2)-10V
IOX-8AIIS	8 fully isolated analog inputs, 0(4)-20mA

3 General/Common Characteristics

3.1 Dimensions

- The module clips directly onto an industry standard DIN rail (EN 50022).
- Field wiring is on the front of the module via a plug-in connector.
- Module power and RS-485 communications wiring are on a separate plug-in connector on the bottom side of the housing.
- Allow at least 25 mm in front of and below the module to accommodate the wiring.
- Ensure that the space above and below the module is sufficient to provide adequate ventilation.

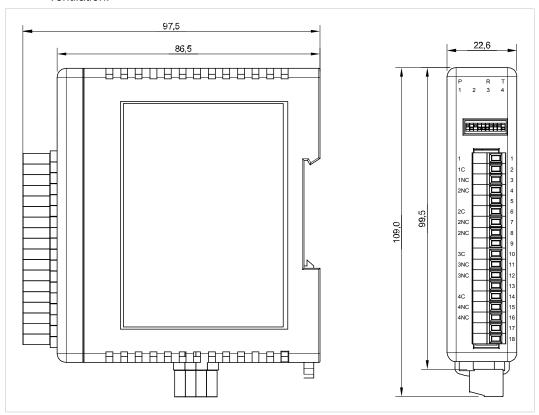


Fig. 2 Netbiter I/O Extender enclosure

3.2 Common Specifications

Operating temperature $-10 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+50 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Storage temperature $-40 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity 5–95 % RH, non-condensing



This product contains parts that can be damaged by electrostatic discharge (ESD). Use ESD protective measures to avoid equipment damage.

3.3 EMC Considerations

The I/O modules will usually be installed in an enclosure along with other devices that generate electromagnetic radiation, such as relays and contactors, transformers, motor controllers, etc. Electromagnetic radiation can induce electrical noise in both power and signal lines. Direct radiation into the module can also have a negative effect on the system.

Appropriate grounding, shielding and other protective steps should be taken at the installation stage to prevent interference. Protective steps include control cabinet grounding, module grounding, cable shield grounding, protective elements for electromagnetic switching devices, correct wiring, as well as the consideration of cable types and their cross sections.

- Use screened twisted pair RS-485 cable with the screen grounded at one point.
- Use screened I/O, T/C, and RTD cables, with the screens grounded at one point as close as possible to the I/O module.

3.4 Network Termination

Transmission line effects often present a problem on data communication networks. These problems include reflections and signal attenuation.

If it should be necessary to eliminate reflections from the ends of the cable, the cable can be terminated with a resistor across the line equal to its characteristic impedance. Both ends should be terminated, as propagation is bi-directional. In the case of an RS-485 twisted pair cable, this termination is typically 120 Ohms.

3.5 DIP Switches

DIP Switch Functions

Switch	Function
1–7	Modbus Node ID
	See Modbus Node ID Setting, p. 8
8	Module specific settings.
9	Module specific settings.
0	Baud rate: OFF = 9600, ON = programmed See <i>Communication Settings</i> , p. 9

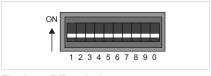


Fig. 3 DIP switches

The status of the DIP switches is stored in register 30100.

MSB	MSB DIP Switch Status Register LSB									Address						
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Audress
32768	16384	8192	4096	2048	1024	512	256	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1	30100
_	_	_	_	_	_	0	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	•
								D	IP Sv	vitch	es					

3.6 Modbus Node ID Setting

Switches 1 to 7 are used to set the Modbus Node ID as shown in this table.

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All modules will respond to a default Node ID of 254.

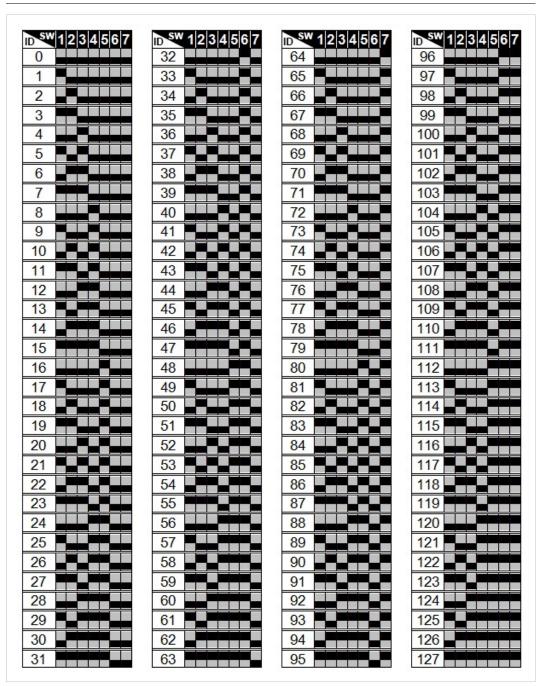


Fig. 4 Node ID DIP switch chart

3.7 Communication Settings

The data in the modules is stored in 16-bit registers. These registers are accessed over the network using the Modbus RTU communication protocol.

DIP Switch 0 setting	OFF (Default)	ON (Programmed Baud Setting)
Baud rate	9600	2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200
Data bits	8	8
Parity	None	None, Even, Odd
Stop bits	1	1, 2

3.7.1 Communication Settings Registers

Modbus Address	Register Name	Low Limit	High Limit	Ac- cess	Comments
40121	Baud Rate	2400	11520	R/W	2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400,57600,11520
40122	Parity	0	2	R/W	0 = none, 1 = even, 2 = odd
40123	Stop Bits	1	2	R/W	1 = 1 stop bit, 2 = 2 stop bits
40124	Reply Delay	0	65535	R/W	(x10ms)

The baud rate value is programmed directly into the baud rate register. The only exception is the 115200 baud rate, where the value 11520 is used.

The reply delay is a time delay between the Modbus message being received to the reply being sent. In some applications where a modem or radio is used in the RS-485 network, it may be necessary to add a reply delay due to turnaround delays in the equipment.

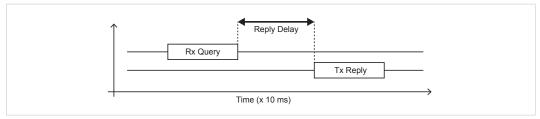


Fig. 5 Reply delay



Reply delay works only when DIP switch 0 is set to ON.

3.7.2 Supported Modbus Functions

Function Code	Modbus Function	Comment
1	Read Coil Status	Digital inputs/outputs
2	Read Input Status	Digital inputs/outputs
3	Read Holding Registers	Analog inputs/outputs
4	Read Input Registers	Analog inputs/outputs
5	Write Single Coil	Digital outputs
6	Write Single Register	Analog outputs
15	Write Multiple Coils	Digital outputs
16	Write Multiple Registers	Analog outputs



The Modbus message length must be limited to 100 consecutive read or write registers. If more registers are required, a new poll group must be added.

IOX-4RO – Relay Outputs 10 (40)

4 IOX-4RO – Relay Outputs

4.1 Description

The IOX-4RO module has 4 normally open/closed relay outputs. This module may be used for a higher drive capability, or when isolation between outputs is required.

When switch 9 is OFF, the module is configured as a Modbus slave and the outputs are written to by the Modbus master (PC/PLC/HMI). Each output on the module can be individually switched ON or OFF, or all outputs can be set up at the same time by writing a single number to the output register that represents the status of all outputs.

An output watchdog timer can be configured to switch off all outputs if there has been no communication with the module for up to 255 seconds. A value of 0 seconds will disable this timer and the outputs will remain in the last programmed state.

4.2 Technical Specifications

Power supply	Logic supply voltage	24 VDC
	Logic supply current	42 mA
Relay outputs	Output points	4
	Maximum current	0.5 A @ 220 VAC / 1 A @ 28 VDC
	Isolation	1000 Vrms between field and logic 1000 Vrms between outputs
Temperature	Operating temperature.	-10 °C to + 50 °C
	Storage temperature	-40 °C to + 85 °C
Connectors	Logic power and comms.	4-pin connector on underside of unit
	Outputs	18-way screw connector on front

4.3 Status Indicators

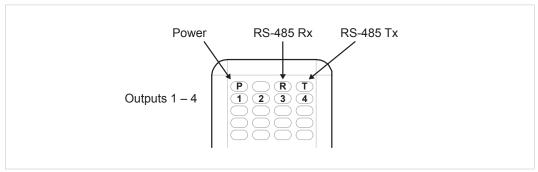


Fig. 6 IOX-4RO Status Indicators

Power Indicates that the CPU is running.

RS-485 Rx Flashes to indicate that the unit has received a valid Modbus message.

RS-485 Tx Flashes to indicate that the unit has sent a Modbus message.

Outputs 1–4 OFF when the output is off, ON when the output is on.

IOX-4RO – Relay Outputs 11 (40)

4.4 Wiring

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Do not reverse the power/communications connections as this may damage the unit.

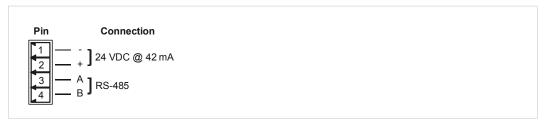


Fig. 7 IOX-4RO power and RS-485 wiring

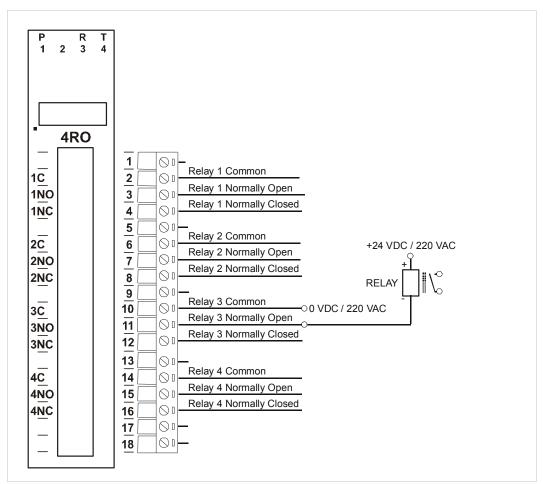


Fig. 8 IOX-4RO relay wiring example

IOX-4RO – Relay Outputs 12 (40)

4.5 DIP Switch Settings

Switch	Function	Description
1–7	NODE ID	Modbus Node ID — See Modbus Node ID Setting, p. 8
8	-	Not used
9	MODE	Slave (OFF)
0	BAUD RATE	OFF = 9600, ON = programmed. See <i>Communication Settings</i> , p. 9.

4.6 Data Registers

MODULE TYPE = 113

Modbus Address	Register Name	Low Limit	High Limit	Access	Comments
00001	Relay Output 1	0	1	R/W	
00002	Relay Output 2	0	1	R/W	Status of Digital Outputs.
00003	Relay Output 3	0	1	R/W	Status of Digital Outputs.
00004	Relay Output 4	0	1	R/W	
30001	S/W Version / Module Type	N/A	N/A	R	High Byte = Software Version Low byte = 113
40002	Digital Outputs	N/A	N/A	R/W	Digital Outputs in bits. 4(msb) - 1(lsb).
30100	DIP Switch	0	65535	R	Status of DIP switch on front panel
40101	Watchdog Timer	0	255	R/W	Timer in seconds. 0 = disabled. 1–255 = enabled.
40121	Baud Rate	2400	11520	R/W	2400, 4800, 9600,19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 (115200 is entered as 11520)
40122	Parity	0	2	R/W	0 = none, 1 = even, 2 = odd
40123	Stop Bits	1	2	R/W	1 = 1 stop bit, 2 = 2 stop bits
40124	Reply Delay	0	65535	R/W	0 = Disable, >0 = Enable (x10 ms)

4.6.1 Relay Output Register

The relay outputs can be read/written in a single register as follows:

MSB	MSB IOX-4RO Relay Outputs LSB												Address			
15	14	13	12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0									Audress				
32768	16384	8192	4096	2048	1024	512	256	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1	40002
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4	3	2	1	
	Relay Output Number															

4.6.2 Output Watchdog Timer

The watchdog timer is used to switch off all outputs in the event of a communications failure. When register 40101 is set to zero, the watchdog timer is disabled.

IOX-6RTD – RTD Inputs 13 (40)

5 IOX-6RTD – RTD Inputs

5.1 Description

The IOX-6RTD is a 6 RTD input module that can accommodate 2 or 3-wire RTD sensors. The RTD inputs are isolated from the logic.

The RTD resistance is read by the module circuitry, linearised and converted to degrees Celsius. No ranging is required, as the module covers the full range of the RTD, as indicated in the RTD table. The value read from the Modbus register is the actual temperature with 0.1 °C resolution. i.e., a value of 3451 corresponds to a temperature of 345.1 °C.

The RTD type is set up by writing a value to the RTD Type register. The value is obtained from the table below. For example, to select PT100 RTD, the value "1" must be written to the RTD Type register. All 6 RTD inputs adopt the same RTD type.

DIP switch 9 is used to select upscale or downscale burnout for break detection. A value of 32768 is used to indicate upscale burnout and a value of -32767 indicates downscale burnout.



As there is no inter-channel isolation, isolated RTD:s must be used in order to prevent ground loops and read errors.

5.2 Technical Specifications

Power supply	Logic supply volt	tage	12-24 VDC					
	Logic supply cur	rent	87 mA @ 12 V / 45	mA @ 24 V				
RTD inputs	Input points		6					
	RTD configuration	on	2- or 3-wire					
	Resolution		0.1 °C					
	Drift		100 ppm/°C typical					
	Line resistance	effect	< 0.1 °C balanced					
	Max. line resista	nce	100 Ohms					
	Isolation		1500 Vrms betwee	n field and logic				
RTD type	Number	Туре	Range	Accuracy				
	1	Pt100	-200 to +850 °C	±0.3 °C IEC 751:1983				
	2	Ni120	-80 to +320 °C	±0.3 °C				
	3	Pt1000	-200 to +850 °C	±0.3 °C				
	4	Ni1000 (DIN)	-200 to +850 °C	±0.3 °C				
	5	Ni1000 (Landis+Gyr)	-200 to +850 °C	±0.3 °C				
	6	Ohms	10–400 Ω	±0.05 %				
	7	Ohms	100–4000 Ω	±0.05 %				
Temperature	Operating temper	erature	-10 °C to + 50 °C					
	Storage tempera	ature	-40 °C to + 85 °C					
Connectors	Logic power and	comms.	4-pin connector on	4-pin connector on underside of unit				
	Outputs		18-way screw conr	nector on front				

IOX-6RTD – RTD Inputs 14 (40)

5.3 Wiring

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Do not reverse the power/communications connections as this may damage the unit.

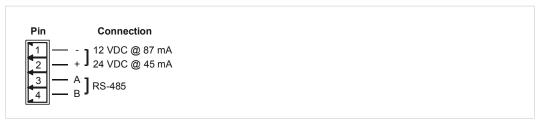


Fig. 9 IOX-6RTD power and RS-485 wiring

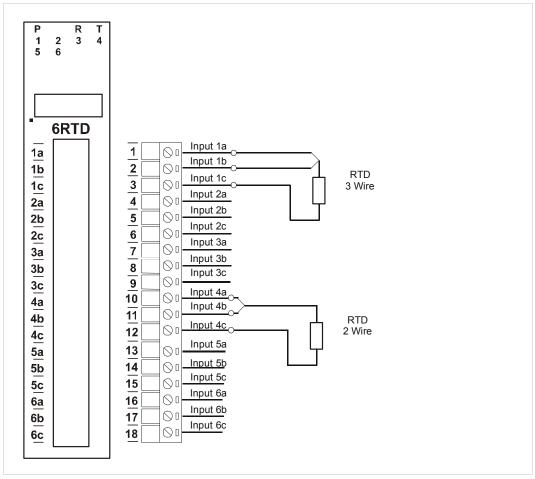


Fig. 10 IOX-6RTD input wiring example

IOX-6RTD – RTD Inputs 15 (40)

5.4 Status Indicators

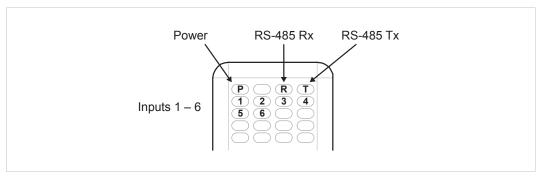


Fig. 11 IOX-6RTD Status Indicators

Power Indicates that the CPU is running.

RS-485 Rx Flashes to indicate that the unit has received a valid Modbus message.

RS-485 Tx Flashes to indicate that the unit has sent a Modbus message.

Inputs 1–6 ON when the RTD is open circuit, OFF when the RTD is connected.

5.5 DIP Switch Settings

Switch	Function	Description
1–7	NODE ID	Modbus Node ID — See Modbus Node ID Setting, p. 8
8	-	Not used
9	BREAK	RTD break. When switched OFF, the RTD value will be -32767 when the RTD is faulty. When set to ON, the RTD value will be 32768.
0	BAUD RATE	OFF = 9600, ON = programmed. See Communication Settings, p. 9.

IOX-6RTD – RTD Inputs 16 (40)

5.6 Data Registers

MODULE TYPE = 109

Modbus Address	Register Name	Low Limit	High Limit	Access	Comments
30001	S/W Version / Module Type	N/A	N/A	R	High Byte = Software Version Low byte = 109
30002	RTD Input 1			R	
30003	RTD Input 2			R	
30004	RTD Input 3			R	For ranges,see <i>Technical Specifications</i> ,
30005	RTD Input 4			R	p. 13.
30006	RTD Input 5			R	
30007	RTD Input 6			R	
30008	Input Status	0	65535	R	bit1 = 0 (OK) bit1 = 1 (Error or open circuit)
30100	DIP Switch	0	65535	R	Status of DIP switch on front panel
40101	RTD Type	1	7	R/W	See Technical Specifications, p. 13.
40102	Line Frequency	50	60	R/W	Line frequency
40103	Units Type	1	2	R/W	1 = °C, 2 = °F
40121	Baud Rate	2400	11520	R/W	2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400,57600,115200
40122	Parity	0	2	R/W	0 = none, 1 = even, 2 = odd
40123	Stop Bits	1	2	R/W	1 = 1 stop bit, 2 = 2 stop bits
40124	Reply Delay	0	65535	R/W	0 = Disable, >0 = Enable. (x10 ms)

5.6.1 RTD Input Status

There is one status bit associated with each RTD input. These bits are used to indicate if the input is open circuit or over range, and if so the error bit will be set.

Bit 1 – Error	Bit 2 - Not used	Condition	Status LED		
0	0	Input working OK	LED OFF		
1	0	Open circuit/Over range	LED ON		

DIP Switch Status Register (30100)

MSB		IOX-6RTD Input Status LSB													SB	Address
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Audress
32768	16384	8192	4096	2048	1024	512	256	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1	30008
					ō.		ō		ō		ō.		ō.		ō	
					ᇤ		ᆵ		ᇤ		ᇤ		ᇤ		П	
					90		D		4		D 3		D 2		7	
					R		R		R		R		R		R	

6 IOX-8DIO – Digital Inputs/Outputs

6.1 Description

The IOX-8DIO module has 8 digital inputs and 8 digital outputs. The inputs are isolated from the logic by bi-directional opto-couplers. The common is connected internally to either the +V or -V field power supply terminals, using a jumper inside the housing.

The inputs have internal counters associated with them. These are 32-bit counters allowing a count value in the range 0-4294967295. This value can be cleared by writing a zero to the associated registers, or it can be preset to any other value using the same method.



The count values will be lost if power is disconnected.

The format of the registers allows the status of the inputs to be read either as single bits, or all at once as a single register on the Modbus network.

The 8 digital outputs are of the type open collector (NPN). These may be used to drive lamps or external relays when more drive capability is required. The outputs are isolated from the logic and they share a common negative terminal.

When switch 9 is OFF, the module is configured as a Modbus slave and the outputs are written to by the Modbus master (PC/PLC/HMI). Each output on the module can be individually switched ON or OFF, or all outputs can be set up at the same time by writing a single number to the output register that represents the status of all outputs.

6.2 Technical Specifications

Power supply	Logic supply voltage	12–24 VDC				
	Logic supply current	33 mA @ 12 V / 19 mA @ 24 V				
	Field supply voltage	12–24 VDC				
	Field supply current	6 mA @ 12 V / 6 mA 24 V				
Digital inputs	Input points	8				
	Input voltage range	12–24 VDC				
	Input current per input	5 mA @ 12 V / 11 mA @ 24 V				
	Isolation	1500 Vrms between field and logic				
Digital outputs	Output points	8				
	Maximum voltage	36 VDC				
	Maximum current	100 mA per output				
	VCEon	1.1 V (max)				
	Isolation	1500 Vrms between field and logic				
Counters	Inputs	1 to 16				
	Resolution	32 bits				
	Frequency	1 KHz (max)				
	Pulse width	500 μs (min)				
Temperature	Operating temperature	-10 °C to + 50 °C				
	Storage temperature	-40 °C to + 85 °C				
Connectors	Logic power and comms.	4-pin connector on underside of unit				
	Outputs	18-way screw connector on front				



Inputs 1 to 8 are used both as digital inputs and counter inputs.

6.3 Wiring

1

Do not reverse the power/communications connections as this may damage the unit.

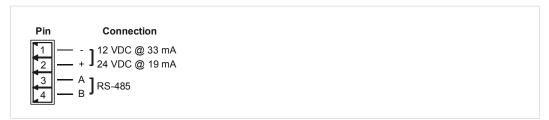


Fig. 12 IOX-8DIO power and RS-485 wiring

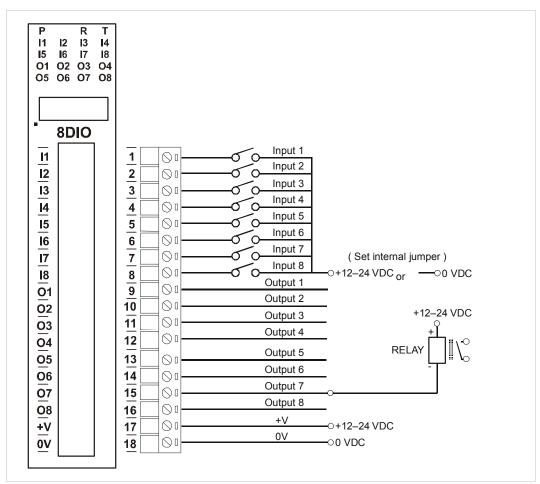


Fig. 13 IOX-8DIO input/output wiring example

6.4 Status Indicators

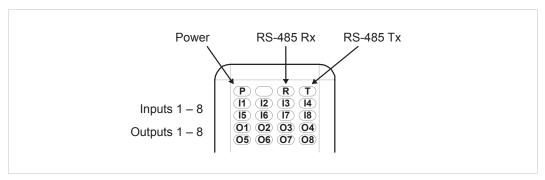


Fig. 14 IOX-8DIO Status Indicators

Power Indicates that the CPU is running.

RS-485 Rx Flashes to indicate that the unit has received a valid Modbus message.

RS-485 Tx Flashes to indicate that the unit has sent a Modbus message.

Inputs 1–8 OFF when the input is off, ON when the input is on.

Outputs 1–8 OFF when the output is off, ON when the output is on.

6.5 DIP Switch Settings

Switch	Function	Description
1–7	NODE ID	Modbus Node ID — See Modbus Node ID Setting, p. 8
8	INVERT	ON = status of the inputs is inverted in the Modbus status register (30002)
9	MODE	OFF (Slave)
0	BAUD RATE	OFF = 9600, ON = programmed. See Communication Settings, p. 9.

6.6 Jumper Settings

The digital inputs can be configured as NPN or PNP type by changing the position of the jumper **LK1**.

LK1 jumper setting

Position	Function
NPN (default)	Digital inputs operated by switching to -V (0 V)
PNP	Digital inputs operated by switching to +V (+12 V to +24 V)

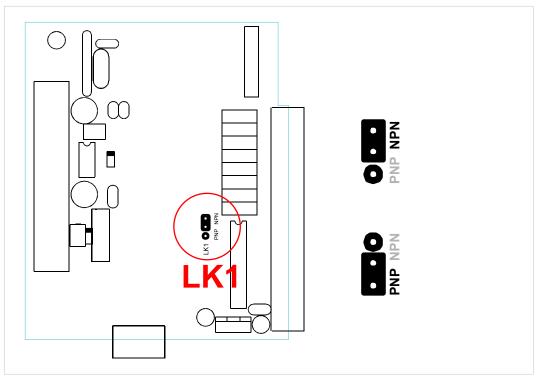


Fig. 15 LK1 jumper setting

6.7 Data Registers

MODULE TYPE = 102

Modbus	Posister Name	Low	High	Access	Comments
Address	Register Name	Limit	Limit	Access	Comments
10001	Digital Input 1	0	1	R	
10002	Digital Input 2	0	1	R	
10003	Digital Input 3	0	1	R	
10004	Digital Input 4	0	1	R	Status of digital inputs
10005	Digital Input 5	0	1	R	Status of digital inputs
10006	Digital Input 6	0	1	R	
10007	Digital Input 7	0	1	R	
10008	Digital Input 8	0	1	R	
00017	Digital Output 1	0	1	R/W	
00018	Digital Output 2	0	1	R/W	
00019	Digital Output 3	0	1	R/W	
00020	Digital Output 4	0	1	R/W	-
00021	Digital Output 5	0	1	R/W	Status of digital outputs
00021	Digital Output 6	0	1	R/W	
		-	1		
00023	Digital Output 7	0		R/W	_
00024	Digital Output 8	0	1	R/W	
30001	S/W Version / Module Type	N/A	N/A	R	High Byte = Software Version Low byte = 102
30002	Digital Inputs	N/A	N/A	R	Digital inputs in lower 8 bits. 8-1.
40003	Digital Outputs	N/A	N/A	R/W	Digital outputs in lower 8 bits. 8-1.
40004	Counter 1 MSB	0	65535	R/W	
40005	Counter 1 LSB	0	65535	R/W	
40006	Counter 2 MSB	0	65535	R/W	
40007	Counter 2 LSB	0	65535	R/W	
40008	Counter 3 MSB	0	65535	R/W	
40009	Counter 3 LSB	0	65535	R/W	
40010	Counter 4 LSB	0	65535	R/W	_
40011	Counter 4 LSB	0	65535	R/W	Counter MSB and LSB combine to give a 32-bit counter with range 0-4294967295.
40012	Counter 5 MSB	0	65535	R/W	32-bit counter with range 0-4294967295.
40013	Counter 5 LSB	0	65535	R/W	
40014	Counter 6 I SB	0	65535	R/W	
40015 40016	Counter 6 LSB Counter 7 MSB	0	65535 65535	R/W R/W	
40010	Counter 7 LSB	0	65535	R/W	
40017	Counter 8 MSB	0	65535	R/W	-
40019	Counter 8 LSB	0	65535	R/W	-
30100	DIP Switch	0	65535	R	Status of DIP Switch on Front Panel
40101	Watchdog Timer	0	255	R/W	Timer in seconds. 0 = disabled. 1–255 = enabled.
40105	Counter Mode	0	2	R/W	0 = Disable, 1 = Up Counting, 2 = Up/ Down Count
40106	Input Filter	0	65535	R/W	0 = Disable, >0 = Enable. (x10 ms)
40121	Baud Rate	2400	11520	R/W	2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400,57600,115200
40122	Parity	0	2	R/W	0 = none, 1 = even, 2 = odd
40123	Stop Bits	1	2	R/W	1 = 1 stop bit, 2 = 2 stop bits
40124	Reply Delay	0	65535	R/W	0 = Disable, >0 = Enable. (x10 ms)
70124	reply Delay	0	00000	17/1/	U - DISADIC, YU - LHADIC. (X IU IIIS)

6.7.1 Digital Input Register

The digital inputs can be read in a single register as follows:

MSB		IOX-8DIO Digital Inputs LSB												Address		
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Auuress
32768	16384	8192	4096	2048	1024	512	256	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1	30002
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
		Digital Input Number														

6.7.2 Digital Output Register

The digital outputs can be read/written in a single register as follows:

MSB		IOX-8DIO Digital Outputs LSB									Address					
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Addiess
32768	16384	8192	4096	2048	1024	512	256	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1	40003
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
									Digit	al O	utput	Nu	mbe	er		

6.7.3 Counter Registers

Counters are stored in two 16-bit registers: the High Register and the Low Register. To get the actual 32-bit count value, the registers must be combined as follows:

Counter High ValueRegister 40003Counter Low ValueRegister 40004Counter Value(Counter High Value x 65535) + Counter Low Value

6.7.4 Output Watchdog Timer

The watchdog timer is used to switch off all outputs in the event of a communications failure. When register 40101 is set to zero, the watchdog timer is disabled.

7 IOX-DAIO – Digital and Analog Inputs/Outputs

7.1 Description

The IOX-DAIO module is a multi-purpose combination of inputs and outputs. It can accommodate the following:

- 2- or 3-wire RTD sensors
- Current (0–20 mA) inputs
- Voltage (0–10 V) inputs
- Current (0-20 mA) output
- Voltage (0–10 V) output
- · Digital inputs
- · Digital outputs

7.1.1 RTD Inputs

The RTD resistance is read by the module circuitry, linearised and converted to degrees Celsius. No ranging is required, as the module covers the full range of the RTD, as indicated in the RTD table. The value read from the Modbus register is the actual temperature with 0.1 °C resolution. i.e., a value of 3451 corresponds to a temperature of 345.1 °C.

The RTD type is set up by writing a value to the RTD Type register. The value is obtained from the table below. For example, to select PT100 RTD, the value "1" must be written to the RTD Type register. All 6 RTD inputs adopt the same RTD type.

A value of -32767 indicates downscale burnout.



As there is no inter-channel isolation, isolated RTD:s must be used in order to prevent ground loops and read errors.

7.1.2 Analog Inputs

The Analog Inputs can be configured by internal jumpers as current inputs (0–20 mA), or as voltage inputs (0–10 V). An input within these ranges represents an output value range of 0–4095 (12 bits) in the corresponding Modbus register.

7.1.3 Analog Output

The single analog output can be configured by internal jumpers for a current output (0-20 mA), or a voltage output (0-10 V).

The resolution is 12 bits, so writing a value to the Modbus register of 0–4095 would give an output current of 0–20 mA. A value of 819 ± 1LSB will give a current output of 4 mA.

7.1.4 Digital Inputs

There are 4 digital inputs on the module. These share a common terminal and can be configured for common positive or common negative.

The inputs have counters associated with them, which operate in three modes:

Mode 0 All counters are disabled.

Mode 1 All counters are 32-bit counters allowing a count value 0–4294967295. The count

value can be cleared by writing a zero to the associated registers, or they can be

preset to any other value using the same method.

Mode 2 The inputs are connected as up/down counters. Input 1 will count counter 1 up,

while input 2 counts counter 1 down.



The count values will be lost if power is disconnected.

The format of the registers allows the status of the inputs to be read either as single bits, or all at once as a single register on the Modbus network.

7.1.5 Digital Outputs

The 2 digital outputs are of the type open collector (NPN). These may be used to drive lamps or external relays when more drive capability is required. The outputs are isolated from the logic and they share a common negative terminal.

The outputs are written to by a Modbus master device, such as a PC / PLC / HMI. Each output on the module can be individually switched ON or OFF, or all outputs can be set up at the same time by writing a single number to the output register that represents the status of all outputs.

An output watchdog timer can be configured to switch off all outputs if there has been no communication with the module for up to 255 seconds. A value of 0 seconds will disable this timer and the outputs will remain in the last programmed state.

7.2 Technical Specifications

Power supply	Logic supply volta	ge	12–24 VDC					
	Logic supply curre		115 mA @ 12 V / 58 mA @ 24 V					
	Field supply voltage		24 VDC 25 mA					
	Field supply curre	•						
DTD innute		111	25111A					
RTD inputs	Input points							
	RTD configuration	1	2- or 3-wire					
	Resolution		0.1 °C					
	Drift		100 ppm/°C typical					
	Line resistance ef		< 0.1 °C balanced					
	Max. line resistan	ce	100 Ω					
	Isolation		1500 Vrms betweer	n field and logic				
RTD type	Number	Туре	Range	Accuracy				
	1	Pt100	-200 to +850 °C	±0.3 °C IEC 751:1983				
	2	Ni120	-80 to +320 °C	±0.3 °C				
	3	Pt1000	-200 to +850 °C	±0.3 °C				
	4	Ni1000 (DIN)	-200 to +850 °C	±0.3 °C				
	5	Ni1000 (Landis+Gyr)	-200 to +850 °C	±0.3 °C				
	6	Ohms	10–400 Ω	±0.05 %				
	7	Ohms	100–4000 Ω	±0.05 %				
Current inputs	Input points	*	2					
	Input current		0–20 mA					
	Input resistance		250 Ω					
	Input type Range		Resolution					
	1 0–4095		12 bits					
	2	0–20 mA	1 μΑ					
	3	+/- 20 mA	1 μΑ					
	Drift		100 ppm/°C					
	Accuracy		0.2 % of span					
	Isolation		1000 Vrms between field and logic					
Voltage inputs	Input points		2					
3p	Input voltage		0–1 VDC or 0–10 VDC					
	Input resistance		190 kΩ					
	Input type	Range	Resolution					
	4	0–4095	12 bits					
	5	0–10 V	1 mV					
	6	+/-10 V	1 mV					
	7	0–1 V	0.1 mV					
	8	+/-1 V	0.1 mV					
	Drift	+	100 ppm/°C					
	Accuracy		0.2 % of span					
	Isolation		1000 Vrms between field and logic					
Current outputs	Output points		1					
•	Output current		0–20 mA					
	Output type	Range	Resolution					
	1	0–4095	12 bits					
	Drift	0 .000	100 ppm/°C					
	Accuracy		0.05 % of span					
	Compliance		-	IDC				
	Compilative		500 Ω max. @ 12 VDC 1000 Ω max. @ 24 VDC					

Voltage outputs	Output points		2
	Output voltage		0 (2)–10 V
	Output type	Range	Resolution
	2	0-4095	12 bits
	Drift		100 ppm/°C
	Accuracy		0.05 % of span
	Compliance		200 Ω min. load
Digital inputs	Input points		4
	Input voltage rang	ge	10–26 VDC
	Input current per	input	4 mA @ 12 V / 8 mA @ 24 V
	Isolation		1500 Vrms between field and logic
Digital outputs	Output points		2
	Maximum voltage	;	36 VDC
	Maximum current	t	100 mA per output
	VCEon		1.1 V (max)
	Isolation		1500 Vrms between field and logic
Counters	Inputs		1 to 4
	Resolution		32 bits
	Frequency		50 Hz (max)
	Pulse width		20 ms (min)
Temperature	Operating temper	rature	-10 °C to + 50 °C
	Storage temperat	ture	-40 °C to + 85 °C
Connectors	Logic power and	comms.	4-pin connector on underside of unit
	Outputs		18-way screw connector on front

7.3 Status Indicators

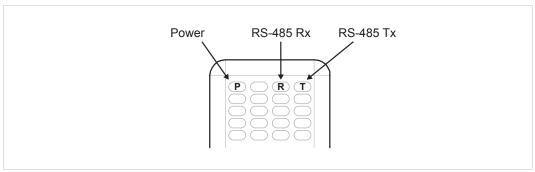


Fig. 16 IOX-DAIO Status Indicators

Power Indicates that the CPU is running.

RS-485 Rx Flashes to indicate that the unit has received a valid Modbus message.

RS-485 Tx Flashes to indicate that the unit has sent a Modbus message.



Input/Output status LEDs are not available in the IOX-DAIO module.

7.4 Wiring

Do not reverse the power/communications connections as this may damage the unit.

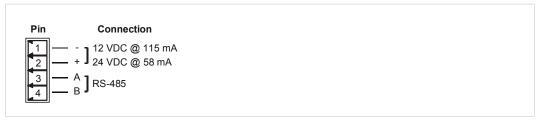


Fig. 17 IOX-DAIO power and RS-485 wiring

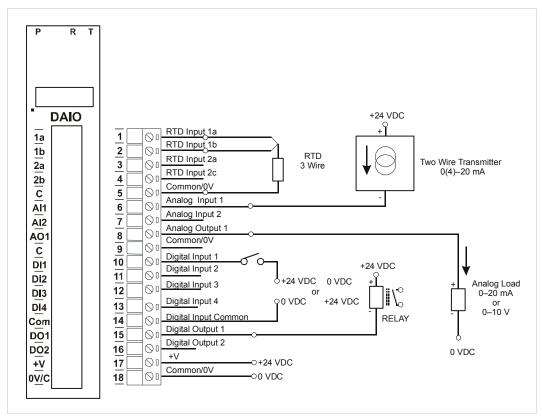


Fig. 18 IOX-DAIO input/output wiring example

7.5 DIP Switch Settings

Switch	Function	Description
1–7	NODE ID	Modbus Node ID — See Modbus Node ID Setting, p. 8
8	_	Not used
9	_	Not used
0	BAUD RATE	OFF = 9600, ON = programmed. See <i>Communication Settings</i> , p. 9.

7.6 Jumper Settings

The two analog inputs and single analog output can be configured for current or voltage by changing the position of jumpers J7–J11.

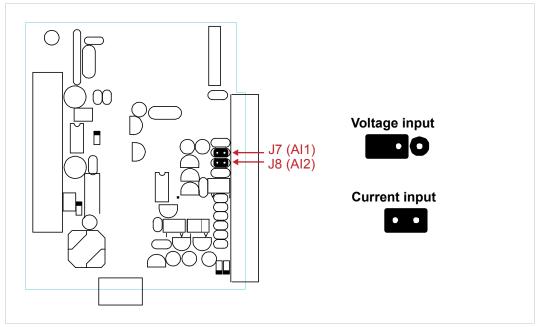


Fig. 19 Analog inputs jumper setting

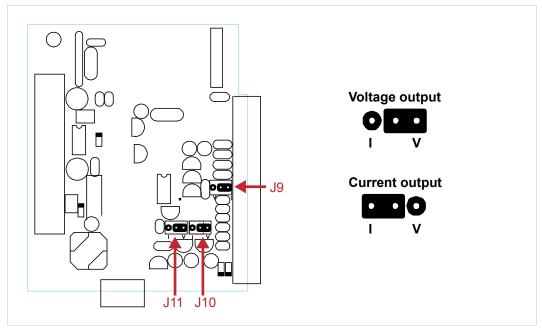


Fig. 20 Analog output jumper setting

7.7 Data Registers

MODULE TYPE = 112

Modbus Address	Register Name	Low Limit	High Limit	Access	Comments
10001	Digital Input 1	0	1	R	
10002	Digital Input 2	0	1	R	Otatus of Divital Israela
10003	Digital Input 3	0	1	R	Status of Digital Inputs
10004	Digital Input 4	0	1	R	
00017	Digital Output 1	0	1	R/W	Otation of Divital Outroots
00018	Digital Output 2	0	1	R/W	Status of Digital Outputs
30001	S/W Version / Module Type	N/A	N/A	R	High Byte = Software Version Low byte = 102
30002	Digital Inputs	N/A	N/A	R	Digital inputs in lower 8 bits. 8-1.
40003	Digital Outputs	N/A	N/A	R/W	Digital outputs in lower 8 bits. 8-1.
40004	RTD Input 1	-	_	R	For ranges, see Technical Specifications,
40005	RTD Input 2	_	_	R	p. 25.
40006	Analog Input 1	0	4095	R	
40007	Analog Input 2	0	4095	R	
40008	Analog Output	0	4095	R/W	
40009	Counter 1 MSB	0	65535	R/W	
40010	Counter 1 LSB	0	65535	R/W	
40011	Counter 2 MSB	0	65535	R/W	
40012	Counter 2 LSB	0	65535	R/W	Counter MSB and LSB combine to give a
40013	Counter 3 MSB	0	65535	R/W	32-bit counter with range 0-4294967295.
40014	Counter 3 LSB	0	65535	R/W	
40015	Counter 4 MSB	0	65535	R/W	
40016	Counter 4 LSB	0	65535	R/W	
30100	DIP Switch	0	65535	R	Status of DIP Switch on Front Panel
40101	Watchdog Timer	0	255	R/W	Timer in seconds. 0 = disabled. 1–255 = enabled.
40102	Counter Mode	0	2	R/W	0 = Disable, 1 = Up Counting, 2 = Up/Down Count
40103	Input Filter	0	65535	R/W	0 = Disable, >0 = Enable. (x10 ms)
40104	RTD 1 Type	1	7	R/W	
40105	RTD 2 Type	1	7	R/W	One Technical Openifications at 05
40106	Al 1 Type	1	8	R/W	See Technical Specifications, p. 25
40107	Al 2 Type	1	8	R/W	
40108	AO Type	1	2	R/W	1 = 0–20 mA, 2 = 0–10 V
40109	Line Frequency	50	60	R/W	Line frequency
40110	Units Type	1	2	R/W	1 = °C, 2 = °F
40121	Baud Rate	2400	11520	R/W	2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400,57600,115200
40122	Parity	0	2	R/W	0 = none, 1 = even, 2 = odd
40123	Stop Bits	1	2	R/W	1 = 1 stop bit, 2 = 2 stop bits
40124	Reply Delay	0	65535	R/W	0 = Disable, >0 = Enable. (x10 ms)

8 IOX-8AIV – Analog Voltage Inputs

8.1 Description

The IOX-8AIV module has 8 analog voltage inputs. The inputs are isolated from the logic and share a common negative terminal.

An input voltage of 0-10~V corresponds to an output of 0-4095~(12~bits) in the Modbus register. If the OFFSET switch is switched on, 0-4095~r represents 2-10~V.

If the jumper on the analog board is removed, the input range will be 0-5 V, or 1-5 V if the OFF-SET switch is on.

8.2 Technical Specifications

Power supply	Logic supply voltage	12–24 VDC
	Logic supply current	27 mA @ 12 V / 16 mA @ 24 V
	Field supply voltage	12–24 VDC
	Field supply current	8 mA @ 12 V / 15 mA @ 24 V
Voltage inputs	Input points	8
	Input voltage	0(2)-10 VDC or 0(1)-5 VDC
	Input resistance	20 kΩ
	Resolution	12 bits
	Drift	50 ppm/°C
	Accuracy	0.2 % of span
	Isolation	1500 Vrms between field and logic
Temperature	Operating temperature	-10 °C to + 50 °C
	Storage temperature	-40 °C to + 85 °C
Connectors	Logic power and comms.	4-pin connector on underside of unit
	Outputs	18-way screw connector on front

8.3 Status Indicators

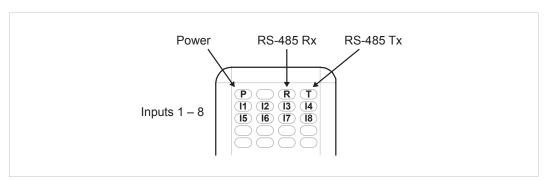


Fig. 21 IOX-8AIV Status Indicators

Power Indicates that the CPU is running.

RS-485 Rx Flashes to indicate that the unit has received a valid Modbus message.

RS-485 Tx Flashes to indicate that the unit has sent a Modbus message.

Inputs 1–8 OFF when the input is off, ON when the input is on.

8.4 Wiring

Do not reverse the power/communications connections as this may damage the unit.

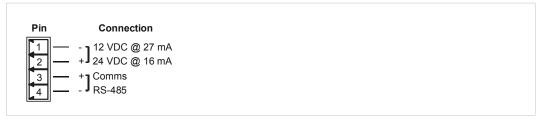


Fig. 22 IOX-8AIV power and RS-485 wiring

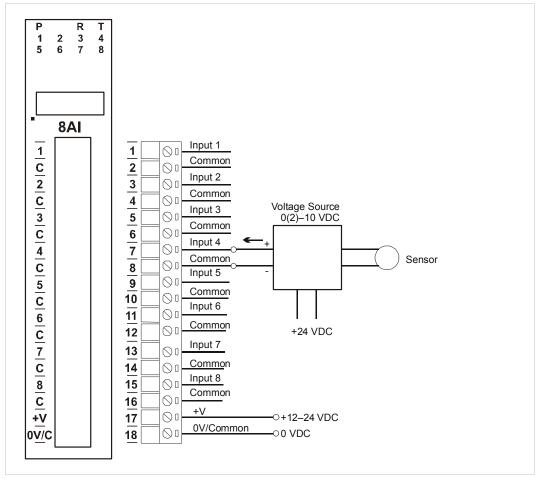


Fig. 23 IOX-8AIV input wiring example

8.5 DIP Switch Settings

Switch	Function	Description
1–7	NODE ID	Modbus Node ID — See Modbus Node ID Setting, p. 8
8	_	Not used
9	OFFSET	ON = inputs are scaled to accept a 2 V offset.
0	BAUD RATE	OFF = 9600, ON = programmed. See Communication Settings, p. 9.

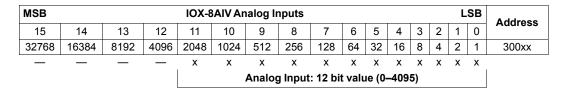
8.6 Data Registers

MODULE TYPE = 104

Modbus Address	Register Name	Low Limit	High Limit	Access	Comments
30001	S/W Version / Module Type	N/A	N/A	R	High Byte = Software Version Low byte = 102
30002	Analog Input 1	0	4095	R	
30003	Analog Input 2	0	4095	R	
30004	Analog Input 3	0	4095	R	
30005	Analog Input 4	0	4095	R	Angles inputs in lower 12 hits
30006	One Analog Input 5		4095	R	Analog inputs in lower 12 bits.
30007	Analog Input 6	0	4095	R	
30008	Analog Input 7	0	4095	R	
30009	Analog Input 8	0	4095	R	
30010	Input Status	0	65535	R	bit 2 = 0 (open circuit or <2) bit 2 = 1 (over range) bit 1 = 0 (OK) bit 1 = 1 (error)
30100	DIP Switch	0	65535	R	Status of DIP Switch on Front Panel
40121	Baud Rate	2400	11520	R/W	2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400,57600,115200
40122	Parity	0	2	R/W	0 = none, 1 = even, 2 = odd
40123	Stop Bits	1	2	R/W	1 = 1 stop bit, 2 = 2 stop bits
40124	Reply Delay	0	65535	R/W	0 = Disable, >0 = Enable. (x10 ms)

8.6.1 Analog Input Registers

The analog inputs are read as a 12 bit value in the registers as follows:



8.6.2 Analog Input Status

There are two status bits associated with each analog input. These bits are used to indicate if the input is zero or open circuit, in the working range 0–4095, or over range. If the input is open circuit or over range, the error bit will be set. When the error bit is set, the range bit is zero if the input is open circuit, and is set if the input is over range.

Bit 1 – Error	Bit 2 – Range	Condition	Status LED
0	Any	Input working OK	Off
1	0	Open circuit or zero	On
1	1	Over range	Flashing

MSB			IC	OX-8AI	V Analo	g Inpu	ıt Statı	ıs						L	SB	Address
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Auuless
32768	16384	8192	4096	2048	1024	512	256	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1	30010
Al 8 Range	Al 8 Error	Al 7 Range	Al 7 Error	Al 6 Range	Al 6 Error	Al 5 Range	Al 5 Error	Al 4 Range	Al 4 Error	AI 3 Range	AI 3 Error	Al 2 Range	AI 2 Error	Al 1 Range	Al 1 Error	

9 IOX-8AIIS – Isolated Analog Current Inputs

9.1 Description

The 8 current inputs in the IOX-8AIIS module are fully isolated from input to logic, and between inputs. This module is ideal for monitoring current loops that are isolated from each other and which cannot be connected to a common point of reference.

An input current of 0–20 mA corresponds to an output of 0–4095 (12 bits) in the Modbus register. If the OFFSET switch is switched on, 0–4095 represents 4–20 mA.

The module can also be configured for a 0–20 mA input range or a +/- 20 mA input.

9.2 Technical Specifications

Power supply	Logic supply voltage	12-24 VDC					
	Logic supply current	58 mA @ 12 V / 31 mA @ 24 V					
Current inputs	Input points	8					
	Input current	0(4)–20 20 mA					
	Input type	Range	Resolution				
	1	0-4095	12 bits				
	2	0–20 mA	1 μΑ				
	3	+/- 20 mA	1 μΑ				
	Drift	100 ppm/°C					
	Isolation	1000 Vrms between field and logic 350 V peak between each input					
Temperature	Operating temperature	-10 °C to + 50 °C					
	Storage temperature	-40 °C to + 85 °C	C				
Connectors	Logic power and comms.	4-pin connector	on underside of unit				
	Outputs	18-way screw co	onnector on front				

9.3 Status Indicators

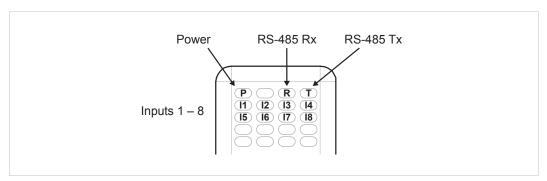


Fig. 24 IOX-8AIIS Status Indicators

Power	Indicates that the CPU is running.
RS-485 Rx	Flashes to indicate that the unit has received a valid Modbus message.
RS-485 Tx	Flashes to indicate that the unit has sent a Modbus message.
Inputs 1–8	OFF when the input is off, ON when the input is on.

9.4 Wiring

I

Do not reverse the power/communications connections as this may damage the unit.

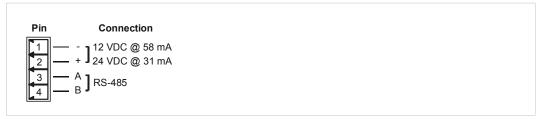


Fig. 25 IOX-8AIIS power and RS-485 wiring

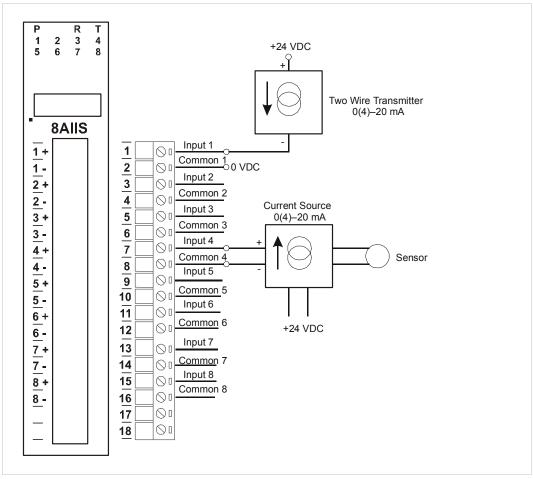


Fig. 26 IOX-8AIIS input wiring example

9.5 DIP Switch Settings

Switch	Function	Description
1–7	NODE ID	Modbus Node ID — See Modbus Node ID Setting, p. 8
8	OFFSET	ON = inputs are scaled to accept a 4 mA offset.
9	OUT OF RANGE	Out of range is given when the input is too negative or too positive. OFF = the analog value will be loaded with -32767 when out of range. ON = the analog value will be loaded with 32768 when out of range.
0	BAUD RATE	OFF = 9600, ON = programmed. See Communication Settings, p. 9.

9.6 Data Registers

MODULE TYPE = 104

Modbus Address	Register Name	Low Limit	High Limit	Access	Comments					
30001 S/W Version / Module Type		N/A	N/A	R	High Byte = Software Version Low byte = 102					
30002	Analog Input 1	0	4095	R						
30003	Analog Input 2	0	4095	R						
30004	Analog Input 3	0	4095	R						
30005	Analog Input 4	0	4095	R	Angles inputs in lower 12 hits					
30006	Analog Input 5	0	4095	R	Analog inputs in lower 12 bits.					
30007	Analog Input 6	0	4095	R						
30008	Analog Input 7	0	4095	R						
30009	Analog Input 8	0	4095	R						
30010	Input Status	0	65535	R	bit 2 = 0 (open circuit or <2) bit 2 = 1 (over range) bit 1 = 0 (OK) bit 1 = 1 (error)					
30100	DIP Switch	0	65535	R	Status of DIP Switch on Front Panel					
40101	Analog Input Type	0	5	R/W	See Technical Specifications, p. 34.					
40121	Baud Rate	2400	11520	R/W	2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400,57600,115200					
40122	Parity	0	2	R/W	0 = none, 1 = even, 2 = odd					
40123	Stop Bits	1	2	R/W	1 = 1 stop bit, 2 = 2 stop bits					
40124	Reply Delay	0	65535	R/W	0 = Disable, >0 = Enable. (x10 ms)					

9.6.1 Analog Input Registers

The analog inputs are read as a 12 bit value in the registers as follows:

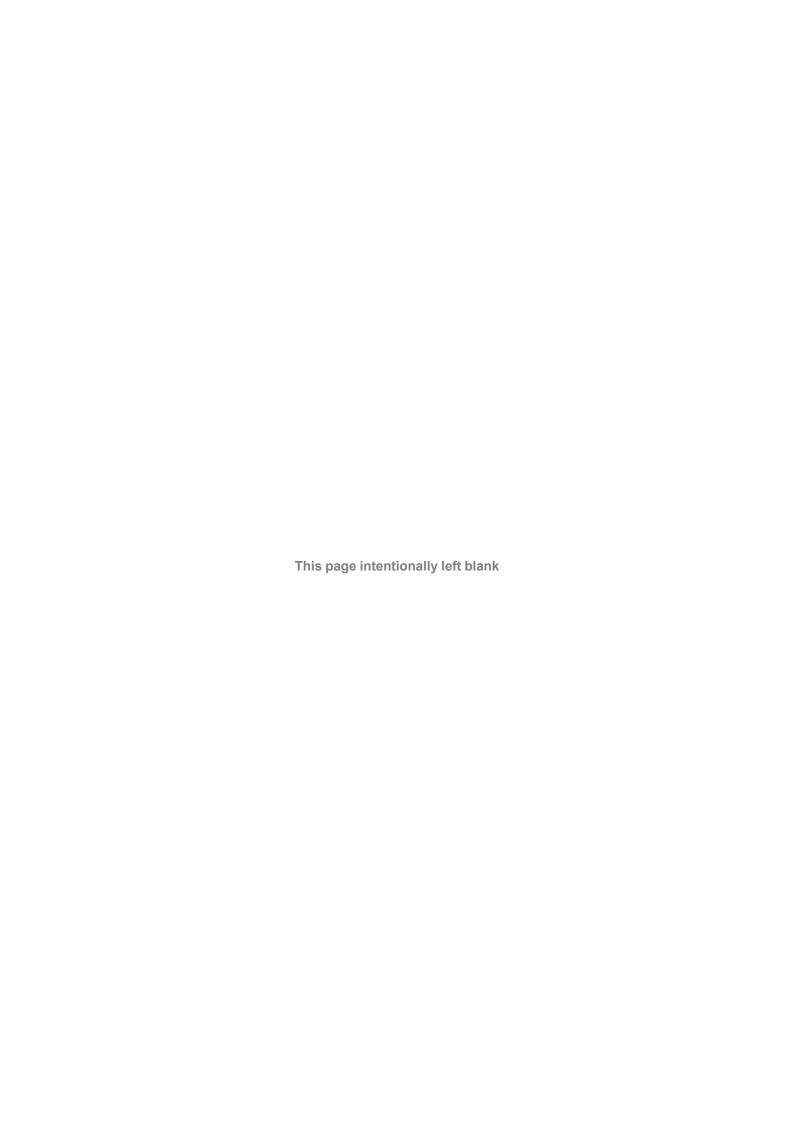
MSB	IOX-8AIIS Analog Inputs LSB													SB	Address	
15	14	13	12	11	11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2										0	Address
32768	16384	8192	4096	2048	1024	512	256	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1	300xx
_	_	_	_	х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
					Analog Input: 12 bit value (0-4095)											

9.6.2 Analog Input Status

There are two status bits associated with each analog input. These bits are used to indicate if the input is zero or open circuit, in the working range 0–4095, or over range. If the input is open circuit or over range, the error bit will be set. When the error bit is set, the range bit is zero if the input is open circuit, and is set if the input is over range.

Bit 1 – Error	Bit 2 – Range	Condition	Status LED			
0	Any	Input working OK	Off			
1	0	Open circuit or zero	On			
1	1	Over range	Flashing			

MSB	B IOX-8AIIS Analog Input Status											L	SB	Address			
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Audress	
32768	16384	8192	4096	2048	1024	512	256	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1	30010	
Range	ror	Range	ē	Range	ō	Range	ō	Range	ō	nge	ror	nge	rror	nge	ō		
Ra	8 Er		7 Erro		6 Er		5 Erro		4 Erro	Rang	3 Er	Rang	2 Er	Rang	ш		
AI 8	ã	AI 7	Ā	AI 6	ĕ	AI 5	ž	A 4	¥	A 3	ĕ	AI 2	Ĭ	<u>4</u>	Ì		



A Regulatory Compliance



This product is in compliance with applicable EU directives. The Declaration of Conformity is available at www.netbiter.com/support.